Geelong Business Club Inc. ABN 79 736 655 733 For the year ended 30 June 2023

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Committee's Report

Geelong Business Club Inc. For the year ended 30 June 2023

Committee's Report

Your committee members submit the financial report of Geelong Business Club Inc. for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

Committee Members

The names of committee members throughout the year and at the date of this report are:

Committee Member	
Scott Warren	President
Scott Anderson	Vice President - (Chair) Catering Governance
Maree Herath	Immediate Past President - (Chair) Membership
Angela McDonald	Executive Officer - Catering
Renee Jovic	General Member - Speakers
Sharon Hill	General Member - (Chair) Reception Membership
Geoff Hutchinson	General Member - (Chair) Speakers
Paul Gray	General Member - (Chair) Governance
Kirsten Kilpatrick	General Member - Speakers
Freya Fidge	General Member - Membership

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the association during the financial year were to provide means by members can meet together in a social atmosphere to promote and develop business relationships.

Significant Changes

No significant change in the nature of these activities occurred during the year.

Operating Result

The loss after adjustments for the financial year amounted to: \$1,289.

Going Concern

This financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis which contemplates continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. The ability of the association to continue to operate as a going concern is dependent upon the ability of the association to generate sufficient cashflows from operations to meet its liabilities. The members of the association believe that the going concern assumption is appropriate.

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Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Members of the Committee on:

Scott Warren (President)

Date // 8/23

Scott Anderson (Vice President)

Date 1,8,23

Income and Expenditure Statement

Geelong Business Club Inc. For the year ended 30 June 2023

	2023	2022
Income		
Membership Fees	57,290	57,350
Dinner Fees	63,166	48,268
Badges	286	145
Dinner Fines	1,546	1,882
Interest Income	857	Ç
Other Income	70	2,95
Total Income	123,216	110,608
Gross Surplus	123,216	110,608
Expenditure		
Audit Fees	870	840
Bad Debts	-	400
Badge purchases	552	857
Bank & Merchant Fees	1,875	1,385
Banner and Signage	174	348
Broadcast Text Messaging Services	214	38
Committee Catering	1,074	1,03
Consumer Affairs	61	248
Dinner Meetings Catering	66,844	51,356
Events - Lighting & Staging	765	2,33!
General Expenses	5	212
Insurance	522	522
Office Equipment & Peripherals	-	
Post Office Box	139	133
Post, Print & Stationery	164	434
Secretarial fees	27,060	26,051
Software Subscriptions	1,087	786
Speakers fees	12,934	8,745
Telephone & Internet	172	112
Website costs	480	87
Dinner Meeting Wine Purchases	5,953	1,298
Xero subscripiton	632	584
Dinner Meetings Security	1,927	1,273
Legal Fees	-	72
Donations	1,000	
Total Expenditure	124,505	100,946
Current Year Surplus/ (Deficit) Before Adjustments	(1,289)	9,662
Net Current Year Surplus After Adjustments	(1,289)	9,662

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. These statements should be read in conjunction with the attached compilation report.

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Assets and Liabilities Statement

Geelong Business Club Inc. As at 30 June 2023

	NOTES	30 JUN 2023	30 JUN 2022
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2	134,638	125,601
Trade and Other Receivables		54,029	1,453
GST Receivable		-	1,313
Total Current Assets		188,667	128,367
Total Assets		188,667	128,367
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Income in Advance		57,600	-
Sundry Creditors		10	10
GST Payable		4,121	132
Total Current Liabilities		61,731	142
Total Liabilities		61,731	142
Net Assets		126,936	128,225
Member's Funds			
Current Year Earnings		(1,289)	9,662
Retained Earnings		128,225	118,562
Total Member's Funds		126,936	128,225

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The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. These statements should be read in conjunction with the attached compilation report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Geelong Business Club Inc. For the year ended 30 June 2023

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements are special purpose financial statements prepared in order to satisfy the financial reporting requirements of the Associations Incorporation Act of Victoria. The committee has determined that the association is not a reporting entity.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historic costs and do not take into account changing money values or, except where stated specifically, current valuations of non-current assets.

The following significant accounting policies, which are consistent with the previous period unless stated otherwise, have been adopted in the preparation of these financial statements.

(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

(b) Revenue and Other Income

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable after taking into account any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed. For this purpose, deferred consideration is not discounted to present values when recognising revenue.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method, which for floating rate financial assets is the rate inherent in the instrument. Dividend revenue is recognised when the right to receive a dividend has been established.

Grant and donation income is recognised when the entity obtains control over the funds, which is generally at the time of receipt.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST)

(c) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation office. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the assets and liabilities are shown inclusive of GST.

Impairment of Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the committee reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount. Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised in the income and expenditure statement.

Accounts Receivable and Other Debtors

Accounts receivable and other debtors include amounts due from members as well as amounts receivable from donors. Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

These notes should be read in conjunction with the attached compilation report.

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Financial Assets

Investments in financial assets are initially recognised at cost, which includes transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at fair value, which is equivalent to their market bid price at the end of the reporting period. Movements in fair value are recognised through an equity reserve.

Accounts Payable and Other Payables

Accounts payable and other payables represent the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period for goods and services received by the association during the reporting period that remain unpaid. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

	2023	2022
2. Cash & Cash Equivalents		
NAB Debit Card Account	100	135
NAB Business Account	14,538	5,451
CBA Account 3193	-	15
Macquarie Term Deposit	120,000	120,000
Total Cash & Cash Equivalents	134,638	125,601

These notes should be read in conjunction with the attached compilation report.

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Statement by Members of the Committee

Geelong Business Club Inc. For the year ended 30 June 2023

The Committee has determined that the association is not a reporting entity and that this special purpose financial report should be prepared in accordance with the accounting policies outlined in Not 1 to the financial Statements.

In the opinion of the Committee the Income and Expenditure Statement, Statement of Financial Position and Notes to the Financial Statements:

- 1. Presents fairly the financial position of Geelong Business Club Incorporated as at 30 June 2023 and its performance for the year ended on that date.
- 2. At the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the association will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

President - Scott Warren

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Vice President - Scott Anderson

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Dated: 1 / 8/ 23

Auditor's Report

Geelong Business Club Inc. For the year ended 30 June 2023

Independent Auditors Report to the members of the Association

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report, of Geelong Business Club Inc. (the association), which comprises the statement by Members of the committee, the assets and liabilities statement as at 30 June 2023, the income and expenditure statement for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the certification by members of the committee on the annual statements giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the association.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial reports presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the association as at 30 June 2023 and (of) its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 1. to the financial statements and the requirements of the Associations Incorporation Reform Act 2012

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial report section of our report. We are independent of the association in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 to the Financial report which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report has been prepared to assist the association to meet the requirements of Associations Incorporation Reform Act 2012. As a result, the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of the Committee for the Financial report

The committee of Geelong Business Club Inc. is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with the financial reporting requirements of the Associations Incorporation Reform Act 2012 and for such internal control as the committee determines is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of a financial report that is free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the committee is responsible for assessing the association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the committee either intends to liquidate the association or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate. they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

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As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the association's internal control.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the committee.
- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of committee's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the association's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the association to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

J L Barkley CA
P O Box 6437
HIGHTON VIC 3216
Dated: / /

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